

GLOBAL
EDITION



Campbell Essential Biology

SEVENTH EDITION

Simon • Dickey • Reece



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GLOBAL EDITION

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from Harvard University. His research focuses on innovative ways to use technology to increase active learning in the science classroom, particularly for nonscience majors. Dr. Simon is also the author of the introductory biology textbook *Biology: The Core*, 2nd Edition, and a coauthor of *Campbell Biology: Concepts & Connections*, 9th Edition.

To my lifelong friends BZ, SR, and SR, who have taught me the value of loyalty and trust during decades of unwavering friendship



JEAN L. DICKEY

is Professor Emerita of Biological Sciences at Clemson University (Clemson, South Carolina). After receiving her B.S. in biology from Kent State University, she went on to earn a Ph.D. in ecology and evolution from Purdue University. In 1984, Dr. Dickey joined the faculty at Clemson, where she devoted her career to teaching biology to nonscience majors in a variety of courses. In addition to creating content-based instructional

materials, she developed many activities to engage lecture and laboratory students in discussion, critical thinking, and writing, and implemented an investigative laboratory curriculum in general biology. Dr. Dickey is the author of *Laboratory Investigations for Biology*, 2nd Edition, and is a coauthor of *Campbell Biology: Concepts & Connections*, 9th Edition.

To my mother, who taught me to love learning, and to my daughters, Katherine and Jessie, the twin delights of my life



JANE B. REECE

was Neil Campbell's longtime collaborator and a founding author of *Campbell Essential Biology* and *Campbell Essential Biology with Physiology*. Her education includes an A.B. in biology from Harvard University (where she was initially a philosophy major), an M.S. in microbiology from Rutgers University, and a Ph.D. in bacteriology from the University of California, Berkeley. At UC Berkeley, and later as a postdoctoral fellow

in genetics at Stanford University, her research focused on genetic recombination in bacteria. Dr. Reece taught biology at Middlesex County College (New Jersey) and Queensborough Community College (New York). Dr. Reece's publishing career began in 1978 when she joined the editorial staff of Benjamin Cummings, and since then, she played a major role in a number of successful textbooks. She was the lead author of *Campbell Biology* Editions 8–10 and a founding author of *Campbell Biology: Concepts & Connections*.

To my wonderful coauthors, who have made working on our books a pleasure



NEIL A. CAMPBELL

(1946–2004) combined the inquiring nature of a research scientist with the soul of a caring teacher. Over his 30 years of teaching introductory biology to both science majors and nonscience majors, many thousands of students had the opportunity to learn from him and be stimulated by his enthusiasm for the study of life. He is greatly missed by his many friends in the biology community. His coauthors remain inspired by his

visionary dedication to education and are committed to searching for ever-better ways to engage students in the wonders of biology.

Preface

Biology education has been transformed in the last decade. The non-majors introductory biology course was (in most cases) originally conceived as a slightly less deep and broad version of the general biology course. But a growing recognition of the importance of this course—one that is often the most widely enrolled within the department, and one that serves as the sole source of science education for many students—has prompted a reevaluation of priorities and a reformulation of pedagogy. Many instructors have narrowed the focus of the course from a detailed compendium of facts to an exploration of broader themes within the discipline—themes such as the central role of evolution and an understanding of the process of science. For many educators, the goals have shifted from communicating a great number of bits of information toward providing a deep understanding of fewer, but broader, principles. Luckily for anyone teaching or learning biology, opportunities to marvel at the natural world and the life within it abound. Furthermore, nearly everyone realizes that the subject of biology has a significant impact on his or her own life through its connections to medicine, biotechnology, agriculture, environmental issues, forensics, and many other areas. Our primary goal in writing *Campbell Essential Biology* is to help teachers motivate and educate the next generation of citizens by communicating the broad themes that course through our innate curiosity about life.

Goals of the Book

Although our world is rich with “teachable moments” and learning opportunities, an explosion of knowledge threatens to bury a curious person under an avalanche of information. “So much biology, so little time” is the universal lament of biology educators. Neil Campbell conceived of *Campbell Essential Biology* as a tool to help teachers and students focus on the most important areas of biology. To that end, the book is organized into four core areas: cells, genes, evolution, and ecology. Dr. Campbell’s vision, which we carry on and extend in this edition, has enabled us to keep *Campbell Essential Biology* manageable in size and thoughtful in the development of the concepts that are most fundamental to understanding life. We’ve aligned this new edition with today’s “less is more” approach in biology education for nonscience majors—where the emphasis is on fewer topics but broader themes—while never allowing the important content to be diluted.

We formulated our approach after countless conversations with teachers and students in which we noticed some important trends in how biology is taught. In particular, many instructors identify three goals: (1) to engage students by relating biology content to their lives and the greater society; (2) to help students understand the process of science by teaching critical thinking skills that can be used in everyday life; and (3) to demonstrate how biology’s broader themes—such as evolution and the relationship of structure to function—serve to unify the entire subject. To help achieve these goals, every chapter of this book includes several important

features. First, a chapter-opening essay called *Biology and Society* highlights a connection between the chapter’s core content and students’ lives. Second, an essay called *The Process of Science* (in the body of the chapter) describes how the scientific process has illuminated the topic at hand, using a classic or modern experiment as an example. Third, a chapter-closing *Evolution Connection* essay relates the chapter to biology’s unifying theme of evolution. Fourth, the broad themes that unify all subjects within biology are explicitly called out (in blue) multiple times within each chapter. Finally, to maintain a cohesive narrative throughout each chapter, the content is tied together with a unifying chapter thread, a relevant high-interest topic that is touched on several times in the chapter and woven throughout the three feature essays. Thus, this unifying chapter thread ties together the pedagogical goals of the course, using a topic that is compelling and relevant to students.

New to This Edition

This latest edition of *Campbell Essential Biology* goes even further than previous editions to help students relate the material to their lives, understand the process of science, and appreciate how broad themes unify all aspects of biology. To this end, we’ve added significant new features and content to this edition:

- **A new approach to teaching the process of science.** Conveying the process of science to nonscience-major undergraduate students is one of the most important goals of this course. Traditionally, we taught the scientific method as a predefined series of steps to be followed in an exact order (observation, hypothesis, experiment, and so forth). Many instructors have shifted away from such a specific flow chart to a more nuanced approach that involves multiple pathways, frequent restarts, and other features that more accurately reflect how science is actually undertaken. Accordingly, we have revised the way that the process of science is discussed within our text, both in Chapter 1 (where the process is discussed in detail) and in *The Process of Science* essay in every chapter of the textbook. Rather than using specific terms in a specific order to describe the process, we now divide it into three broad interrelated areas: background, method, and results. We believe that this new approach better conveys how science actually proceeds and demystifies the topic for non-scientists. Chapter 1 also contains important information that promotes critical thinking, such as discussion of control groups, pseudoscience, and recognizing reliable sources of information. We believe that providing students with such critical-thinking tools is one of the most important outcomes of the nonscience-major introductory course.
- **Major themes in biology incorporated throughout the book.** In 2009, the American Association for the Advancement of Science published a document that served as a call to action in undergraduate biology education. The principles of this document, which

is titled “Vision and Change,” are becoming widely accepted throughout the biology education community. “Vision and Change” presents five core concepts that serve as the foundation of undergraduate biology. In this edition of *Campbell Essential Biology*, we repeatedly and explicitly link book content to themes multiple times in each chapter, calling out such instances with boldfaced blue text. For example, in Chapter 4 (A Tour of the Cell), the interrelationships of cellular structures are used to illustrate the theme of interactions within biological systems. The plasma membrane is presented as an example of the relationship between structure and function. The cellular structures in the pathway from DNA to protein are used to illustrate the importance of information flow. The chloroplasts and mitochondria serve as an example of the transformations of energy and matter. The DNA within these structures is also used to illustrate biology’s overarching theme of evolution. Students will find three to five examples of themes called out in each chapter, which will help them see the connections between these major themes and the course content. To reinforce these connections, this edition of *Campbell Essential Biology* includes new end-of-chapter questions and Mastering Biology activities that promote critical thinking relating to these themes. Additionally, PowerPoint® lecture slides have been updated to incorporate chapter examples and offer guidance to faculty on how to include in these themes within classroom lectures.

- **Updated connections to students’ lives.** In every edition of *Campbell Essential Biology*, we seek to improve and extend the ways that we connect the course content to students’ lives. Accordingly, every chapter begins with an improved feature called Why It Matters showing the relevance of the chapter content from the very start. Additionally, with every edition, we introduce some new unifying chapter threads intended to improve student relevance. For example, this edition includes new threads that discuss evolution in a human-dominated world (Chapter 14) and the importance of biodiversity to human affairs (Chapter 20). As always, we include some updated Biology and Society chapter-opening essays (such as “A Solar Revolution” in Chapter 7), The Process of Science sections (such as a recent experiment investigating the efficacy of radiation therapy to treat prostate cancer, in Chapter 2), and Evolution Connection chapter-closing essays (such as an updated discussion of biodiversity hot spots in Chapter 20). As we always do, this edition includes many content updates that connect to students’ lives, such as information on

cutting-edge cancer therapies (Chapter 8) and recent examples of DNA profiling (Chapter 12).

- **Developing data literacy through infographics.** Many nonscience-major students express anxiety when faced with numerical data, yet the ability to interpret data can help with many important decisions we all face. Increasingly, the general public encounters information in the form of infographics, visual images used to represent data. Consistent with our goal of preparing students to approach important issues critically, this edition includes a series of new infographics, or Visualizing the Data figures. Examples include the elemental composition of the human body (Chapter 2), a comparison of calories burned through exercise versus calories consumed in common foods (Chapter 5), and ecological footprints (Chapter 19). In addition to the printed form, these infographics are available as assignable tutorial questions within Mastering Biology.
- **Helping students to understand key figures.** For this new edition, a key figure in each chapter is supplemented by a short video explaining the concept to the student. These Figure Walkthrough videos will be assignable in Mastering Biology. The animations are written and narrated by authors Eric Simon and Jean Dickey, as well as teacher and contributor Rebecca Burton.

Attitudes about science and scientists are often shaped by a single, required science class—*this* class. We hope to nurture an appreciation of nature into a genuine love of biology. In this spirit, we hope that this textbook and its supplements will encourage all readers to make biological perspectives a part of their personal worldviews. Please let us know how we are doing and how we can improve the next edition of *Campbell Essential Biology*.

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**The following Visual Walkthrough
highlights key features of
*Campbell Essential Biology 7e.***

Develop and practice science literacy skills

Learn how to view your world using scientific reasoning with *Campbell Essential Biology*. See how concepts from class and an understanding of how science works can apply to your everyday life. Engage with the concepts and practice science literacy skills with Mastering Biology and Pearson eText.

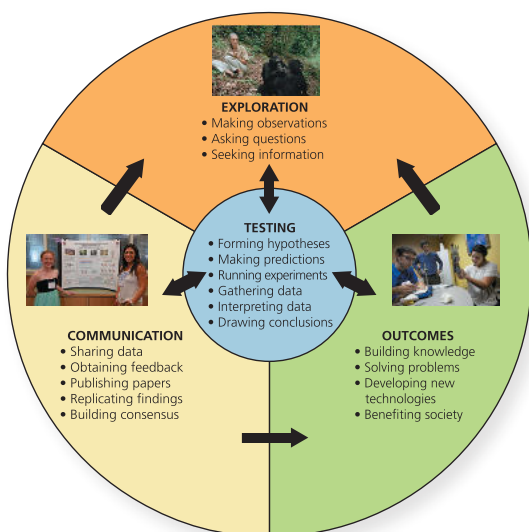
NEW! New and updated Process of Science essays present scientific discovery as a flexible and non-linear process.

Each essay summarizes the **background, method, and results** from a scientific study.

New Thinking Like a Scientist questions appear at the end of each Process of Science essay and involve applying a scientific reasoning skill.

Examples of new Process of Science topics include:

- Chapter 4: How Was the First 21st-Century Antibiotic Discovered? p. 95
- Chapter 9: What Is the Genetic Basis of Short Legs in Dogs? p. 190
- Chapter 11: Can Avatars Improve Cancer Treatment? p. 244
- Chapter 16: What Killed the Pines? p. 364
- Chapter 20: Does Biodiversity Protect Human Health? p. 480



9 PATTERNS OF INHERITANCE THE PROCESS OF SCIENCE Dog Breeding

What Is the Genetic Basis of Short Legs in Dogs?

BACKGROUND
It's obvious that dogs come in a wide variety of physical types. In fact, domesticated dogs display the greatest range of phenotypes of any mammal. One of the most striking features that distinguishes some breeds is chondrodysplasia, a condition that affects the growth of bones in the leg. The resulting shortened, curved bones are a defining characteristic of a few dog breeds (Figure 9.16a). Through test crosses, breeders have long known that the short-legged trait is dominant, but nothing was known about the cause of the phenotype.

METHOD
A group of researchers set out to discover the genetic basis of the short-legged phenotype. They used an automated gene chip (see Figure 11.10) to examine the DNA of 95 dogs from 7 short-legged breeds (the experimental group) and 702 dogs from 64 breeds with long legs (the control group). They compared the results to identify any differences between the two groups at thousands of sites across the dog genome (Figure 9.16b).

RESULTS
One location on chromosome 18 stood out for being strongly associated with short legs. Closer examination of the region surrounding that location revealed a gene that codes for a protein called fibroblast growth factor 4. The protein produced by this gene is known to be associated with the growth of legs during embryonic development. The researchers identified a specific change in the chromosome that corresponded to short legs. Interestingly, they were able to link the effect of this gene in dogs to a related protein associated with the most common form of human dwarfism. This experiment shows how animal models may provide insight into genetic conditions in humans.

Figure 9.16 The genetic basis of chondrodysplasia in dogs.

(a) Some examples of short-legged and long-legged breeds

Some dog breeds with short legs: Corgi, Dachshund, Basset hound.

Some dog breeds with long legs: German shepherd, Greyhound, Beagle.

(b) Comparing DNA from different dog breeds

Experimental group: 95 dogs from 7 short-legged breeds

Control group: 702 dogs from 64 long-legged breeds

DNA extracted from each dog

Set of chromosomes

DNA analyzed using gene chips

Results compared between the two groups

Thinking Like a Scientist
Why might it be easier to find the genetic basis for a physical condition in dogs than to do so in humans?
For the answer, see Appendix D.

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NEW! A new organization and new content in Chapter 1 focus on science literacy skills to introduce the process of science right from the start.

Explore biology with . . .

7 Photosynthesis: Using Light to Make Food

CHAPTER CONTENTS

- The Basics of Photosynthesis 142
- The Light Reactions: Converting Solar Energy to Chemical Energy 144
- The Calvin Cycle: Making Sugar from Carbon Dioxide 149

Why Photosynthesis Matters

Do you like to eat? We humans can trace every morsel of our food back to plants. By capturing the energy of sunlight and using it to create organic materials, plants performing photosynthesis feed the world.

NEARLY ALL LIFE ON EARTH—INCLUDING YOU—CAN TRACE ITS SOURCE OF ENERGY BACK TO THE SUN.



COVER UP! PROTECTING YOURSELF FROM SHORT WAVELENGTHS OF LIGHT CAN BE LIFESAVING.

WANT TO DO SOMETHING SIMPLE TO COMBAT GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE? PLANT A TREE—YOU'LL BE GLAD YOU DID!



Why It Matters Photo Collages have been updated to give real-world examples to convey why abstract concepts like cellular respiration or photosynthesis matter.

... the most relevant, real-world examples

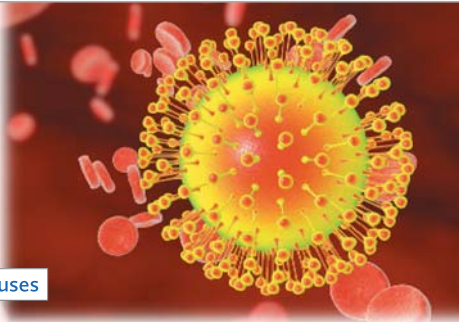
New and Updated Chapter Threads weave a compelling topic throughout each chapter, highlighted in the Biology and Society, The Process of Science, and Evolution Connection essays.

CHAPTER THREAD
Deadly Viruses

BIOLOGY AND SOCIETY The Global Threat of Zika Virus 205

THE PROCESS OF SCIENCE Can DNA and RNA Vaccines Protect Against Viruses? 224

EVOLUTION CONNECTION Emerging Viruses 226



BIOLOGY AND SOCIETY **Deadly Viruses**

The Global Threat of Zika Virus

In 2015, an alarming number of babies were born in Brazil with severe damage to their central nervous systems and sensory organs. The affected babies had neurological problems (such as underdeveloped brains and seizures), slow growth, difficulty feeding, and joint and muscle problems. After a frantic search, health officials discovered a link between these abnormalities and exposure to a little-known pathogen: the Zika virus. By 2016, when the United Nations World Health Organization (WHO) issued a worldwide health emergency, Zika virus and Zika-related health problems in newborns began appearing in warm, humid regions of the United States and many other countries.

The Zika virus was first discovered to infect humans in 1952 and had been identified in African monkeys a few years earlier. Zika virus can be transmitted to humans by one species of mosquito. It can also be spread between sexual partners. But Zika virus is not dangerous to most healthy adults. In fact, some people feel just fine after being infected, while others have mild symptoms like aches or a fever. However, Zika virus can be spread from mother to fetus. Unfortunately, developing babies are particularly vulnerable to the virus's effects.

Health agencies have few weapons against Zika virus. There is no vaccine, and medicines can only treat symptoms. Nighttime mosquito netting and staying indoors after dusk can offer protection against many mosquito-borne diseases, but the mosquitoes that carry Zika virus bite both night and day. Public awareness campaigns aimed at avoiding mosquito bites and eliminating mosquito breeding grounds (such as stagnant water) have been implemented in Zika-prone areas. In November of 2016, WHO declared that the Zika global health emergency was over, not because Zika is gone, but because it is expected to be a long-term problem, the "new normal" rather than an emergency.

The Zika virus, like all viruses, consists of a relatively simple structure of nucleic acid (RNA in this case) and protein. Viruses operate by hijacking our own cells and turning them into virus factories. Combating any virus therefore requires a detailed understanding of life at the molecular level. In this chapter, we will explore the structure of life's most important molecule—DNA—to learn how it replicates, mutates, and controls the cell by directing the synthesis of RNA and protein.

A computer illustration of the Zika virus. Spikes made of protein enable the virus to recognize a host cell.

NEW! New Chapter Threads include:

- Chapter 1: Swimming with the Turtles
- Chapter 2: Helpful Radiation
- Chapter 7: Solar Energy
- Chapter 13: Evolution in Action
- Chapter 14: Evolution in the Human-Dominated World
- Chapter 20: Importance of Biodiversity

EVOLUTION CONNECTION

Deadly Viruses

Emerging Viruses

Viruses that suddenly come to the attention of medical scientists are called **emerging viruses** (Figure 10.33). We've already explored Zika virus (first recognized in Brazil in 2015) and West Nile virus (which first appeared in North America in 1999). Although each virus had persisted at low levels for many years, each became a much greater threat quite suddenly.

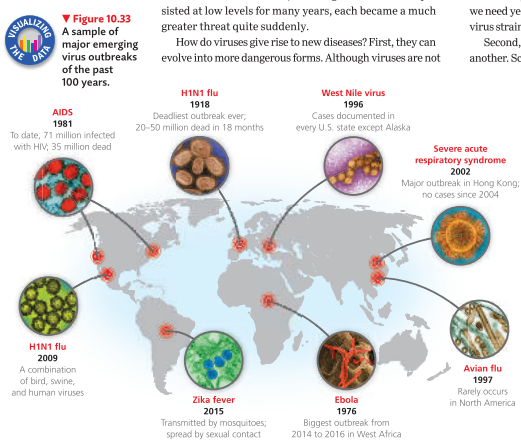
How do viruses give rise to new diseases? First, they can evolve into more dangerous forms. Although viruses are not

alive, they are subject to natural selection, which is accelerated by high mutation rates. Unlike DNA, RNA has no mechanisms to repair copying errors, so RNA viruses can mutate rapidly. Some mutations enable viruses to infect people who had developed resistance to the ancestral strain. This is why we need yearly flu vaccines: Mutations create new influenza virus strains to which people have no immunity.

Second, viral diseases can spread from one host species to another. Scientists estimate that about three-quarters of new human diseases originated in other animals. When humans hunt, live, or raise livestock in new habitats, the risk increases. HIV (which causes AIDS) may have started as a slightly different virus in chimpanzees. Human hunters were probably infected when they butchered infected animals. As the virus mutated in the human hosts, strains that out-competed other varieties for human host cells became increasingly common.

Third, viral diseases from a small, isolated population can spread, leading to an epidemic. AIDS went unnamed and virtually ignored for decades. Several factors, including international travel, intravenous drug use, sexual activity, and delayed effective action allowed it to become a global scourge. Nobel Prize winner Joshua Lederberg warned: "We live in evolutionary competition with microbes. There is no guarantee that we will be the survivors." If we are to be victorious in the fight against emerging viruses, we must understand molecular biology and evolutionary processes.

Figure 10.33
A sample of major emerging virus outbreaks of the past 100 years.



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Biology and Society essays

relating biology to everyday life are either new or updated. Some new topics:

- Chapter 7: A Solar Revolution p. 141
- Chapter 10: The Global Threat of Zika Virus p. 205
- Chapter 14: Humanity's Footprint p. 303
- Chapter 17: Evolving Adaptability p. 371

Evolution Connection essays

demonstrate the importance of evolution as a theme throughout biology, by appearing in every chapter.

Some new topics:

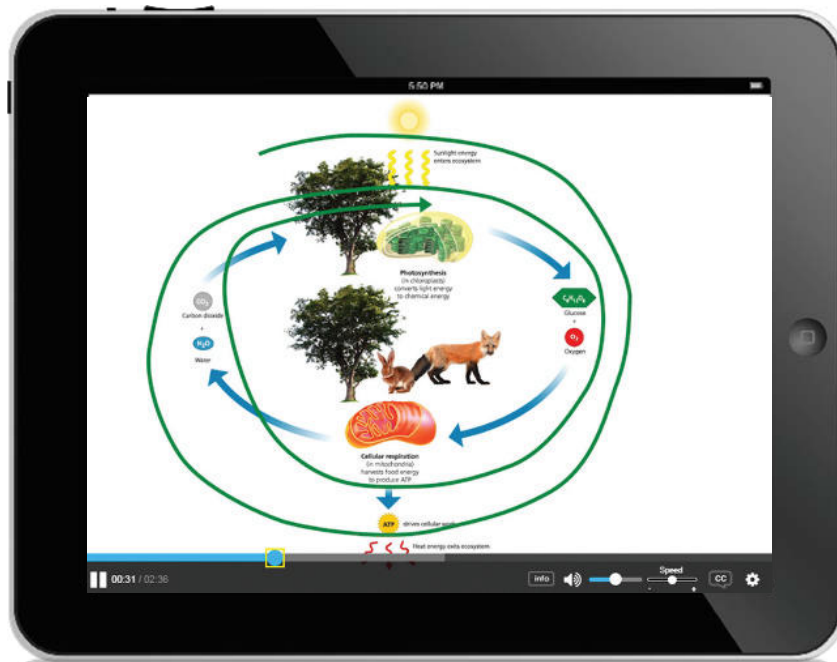
- Chapter 1 Turtles in the Tree of Life p. 52
- Chapter 10 Emerging Viruses p. 226
- Chapter 20 Saving the Hot Spots p. 483

11

Complex biological processes are explained . . .

Mastering™ Biology is an online homework, tutorial, and assessment platform that improves results by helping students quickly master concepts.

A wide range of interactive, engaging, and assignable activities, many of them contributed by *Campbell Essential Biology* authors, encourage active learning and help with understanding tough course concepts.



NEW! 20 Figure Walkthrough Videos, created and narrated by the authors, give clear, concise explanations of key figures in each chapter. The videos are accessible through QR codes in the print text, and assignable in Mastering Biology.



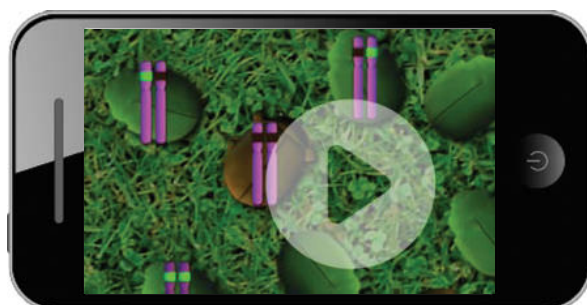
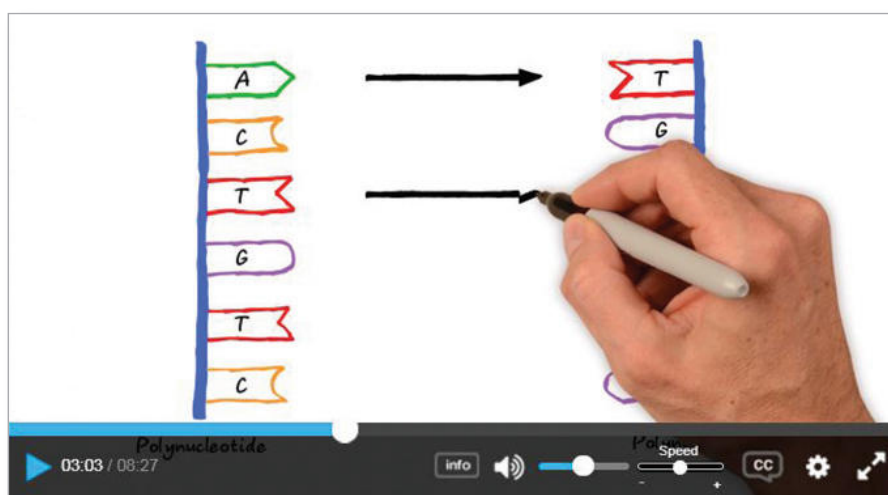
NEW! Visualizing the Data coaching activities bring the infographic figures in the text to life and are assignable in Mastering Biology.

... with engaging visuals and narrated examples in Mastering Biology

12 Topic Overview videos, created by the authors, introduce key concepts and vocabulary. These brief, engaging videos introduce topics that will be explored in greater depth in class.

Topics include:

- Macromolecules
 - Ecological Organization
 - Mechanisms of Evolution
 - An Introduction to Structure and Function
 - Interactions Between the Respiratory and Circulatory Systems
 - DNA Structure and Function
- ... And more!



Part A

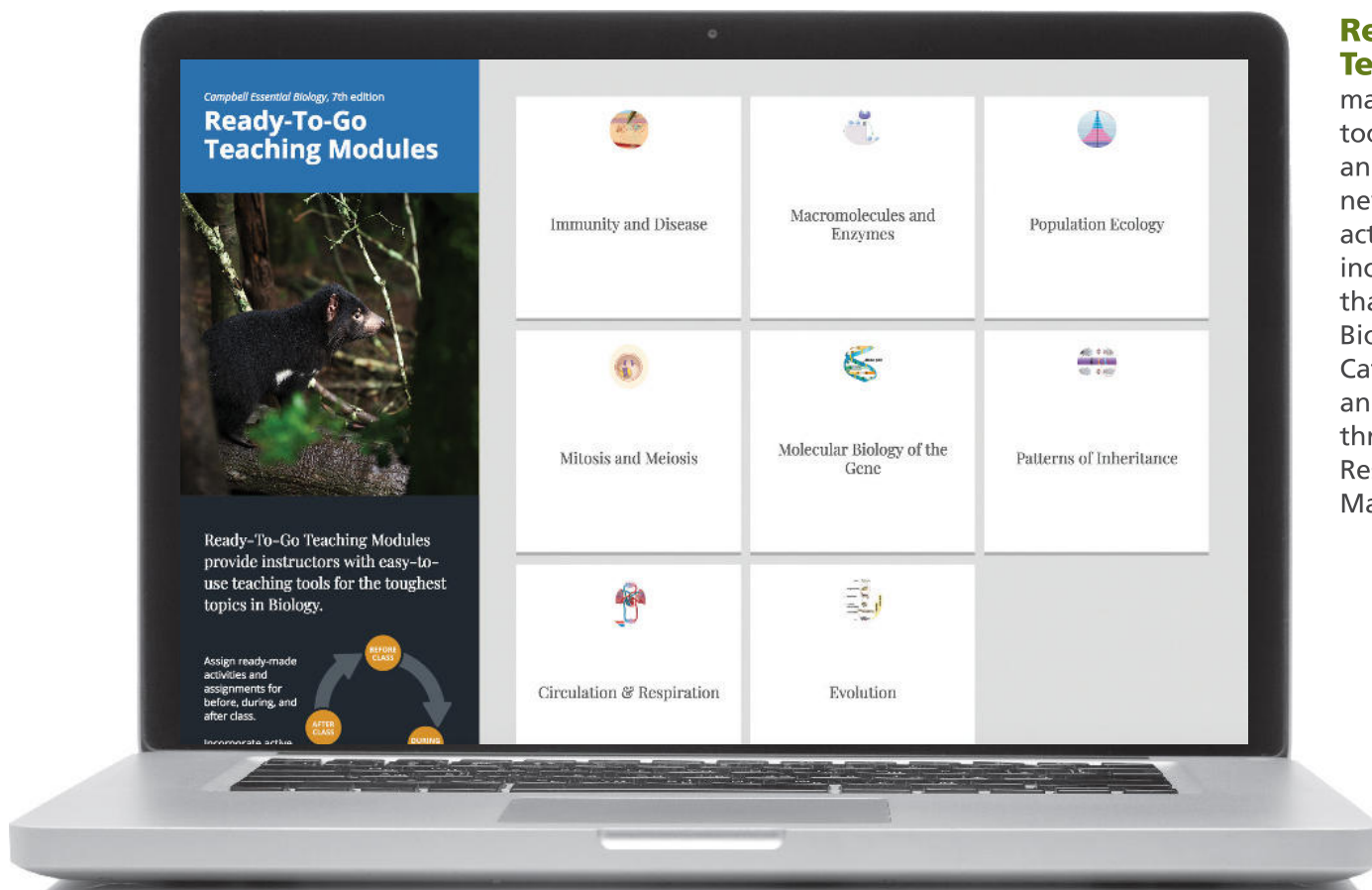
Can you match the terms to their definitions?

Drag the terms on the left to the appropriate blanks on the right to complete the sentences.

<input type="button" value="RNA"/>	<input type="text"/> serves as the molecular basis for life.
<input type="button" value="replication"/>	DNA copies itself via the process of <input type="text"/> .
<input type="button" value="base"/>	RNA is produced from DNA via the process of <input type="text"/> .
<input type="button" value="translation"/>	Proteins are produced from RNA via the process of <input type="text"/> .
<input type="button" value="DNA"/>	There are five examples of a <input type="text"/> : A, G, C, T, and U.
<input type="button" value="transcription"/>	One way that <input type="text"/> is different from DNA is that it contains Us instead of Ts.

BioInteractive Short Films from HHMI, Everyday Biology Videos, Video Tutors, BioFlix® 3D animations, and MP3 Audio Tutors support key concept areas covered in the text and provide coaching by using personalized feedback on common wrong answers.

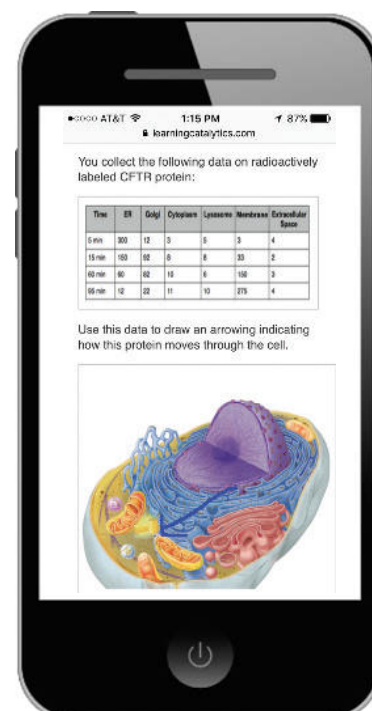
New approaches to teaching and learning . . .



Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules make use of teaching tools for before, during, and after class, including new ideas for in-class activities. These modules incorporate the best that the text, Mastering Biology, and Learning Catalytics have to offer and can be accessed through the Instructor Resources area of Mastering Biology.

Learning Catalytics™ helps generate class discussion, customize lectures, and promote peer-to-peer learning with real-time analytics. Learning Catalytics acts as a student response tool that uses students' smartphones, tablets, or laptops to engage them in more interactive tasks and thinking.

- Help your students develop critical thinking skills
- Monitor responses to find out where your students are struggling
- Rely on real-time data to adjust your teaching strategy



... and the resources to accomplish them

Extensive resources save instructors valuable time both in course preparation and during class. Instructor materials can be accessed and downloaded from the Instructor Resources area of Mastering Biology. www.pearson.com/mastering/biology

New! Identifying Major Themes end-of-chapter questions in the text and coaching activities in Mastering Biology give instructors resources to integrate Vision and Change biological themes into their course.

Revised Guided Reading Activities in the Mastering Biology Study Area and Instructor Resources offer a simple resource that encourages students to get the most out of each text chapter. These worksheets accompany each chapter of the text and are downloadable from Mastering Biology.

Identifying Major Themes--Chapter 18

Part A

Can you identify the major theme illustrated by each of the following examples? If necessary, you can review the themes in Chapter 1 of your book. Match the themes on the left with the examples on the right. Not all themes will be used.

Reset Help

Information flow

Solar energy from sunlight, captured by chlorophyll during the process of photosynthesis, powers most ecosystems. **Pathways that transform energy and matter**

After a period of lower-than-average rainfall, drought-resistant individuals may be more prevalent in a plant population. **Evolution**

Reptilian scales and the waxy coating on many leaves reduce water loss. **Relationship of structure to function**

Other organisms may compete for its physical and chemical environment. **Information flow**

Submit My Answers Give Up

Correct

IDENTIFYING MAJOR THEMES

For each statement, identify which major theme is evident (the relationship of structure to function, information flow, pathways that transform energy and matter, interactions within biological systems, or evolution) and explain how the statement relates to the theme. If necessary, review the themes (see Chapter 1) and review the examples highlighted in blue in this chapter.

- The highly folded membranes of the mitochondria make these organelles well suited to carry out the huge number of chemical reactions required for cellular respiration to proceed.
- Cellular respiration and photosynthesis are linked, with each process using inputs created by the other.
- Your body uses many different intersecting chemical pathways that, all together, constitute your metabolism.

For answers to Identifying Major Themes, see Appendix D.

Complete the following questions as you read the chapter content—Cellular Respiration: Aerobic Harvest of Food Energy:

- The majority of a cell's ATP is produced within which of the following organelles?
 - mitochondria
 - nucleus
 - ribosome
 - Golgi apparatus
- Students frequently have the misconception that plant cells don't perform cellular respiration. Briefly explain the basis of this misconception.
- Briefly explain why the overall equation for cellular respiration has multiple arrows. Use the following figure, which illustrates the equation for cellular respiration, to help you answer.

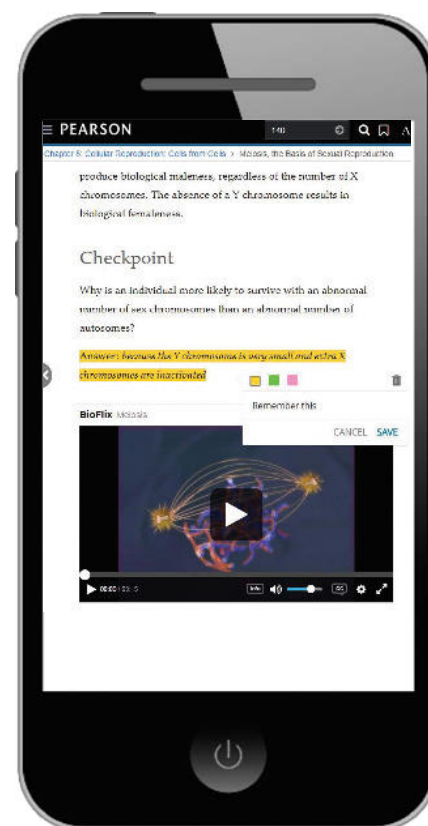


The **Instructor Exchange** in the Instructor Resources area of Mastering Biology provides successful, class-tested active learning techniques and analogies from biology instructors around the world, offering a springboard for quick ideas to create more compelling lectures. Contributor Kelly Hogan moderates contributions to the exchange.

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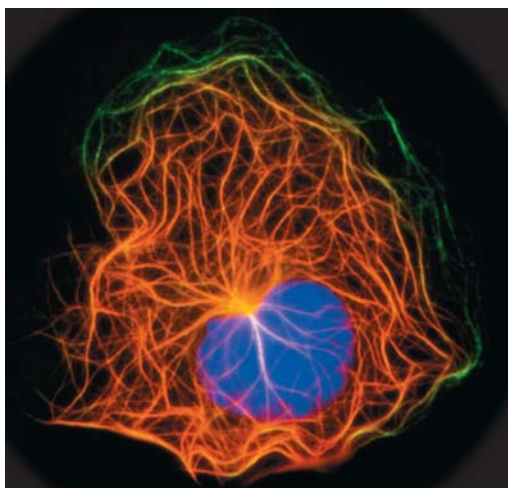
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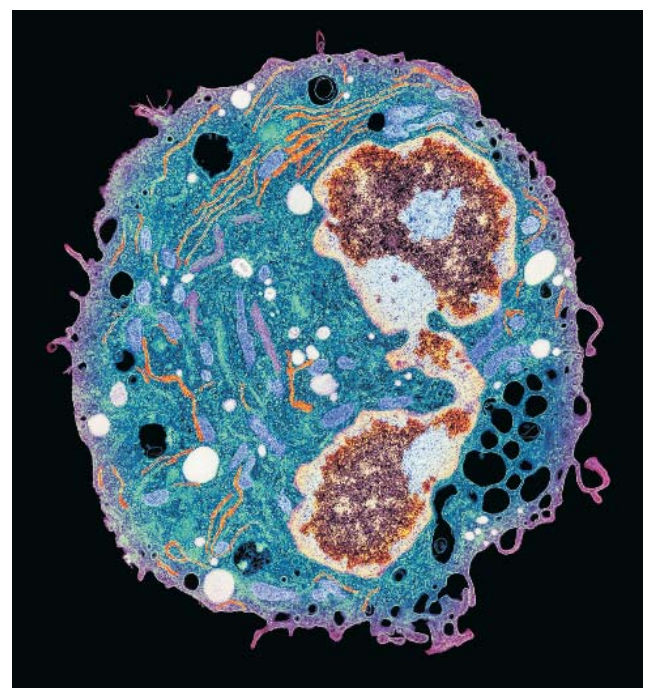
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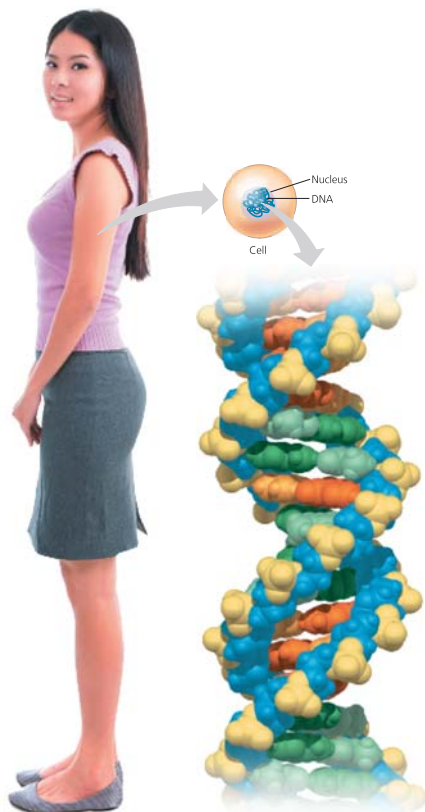
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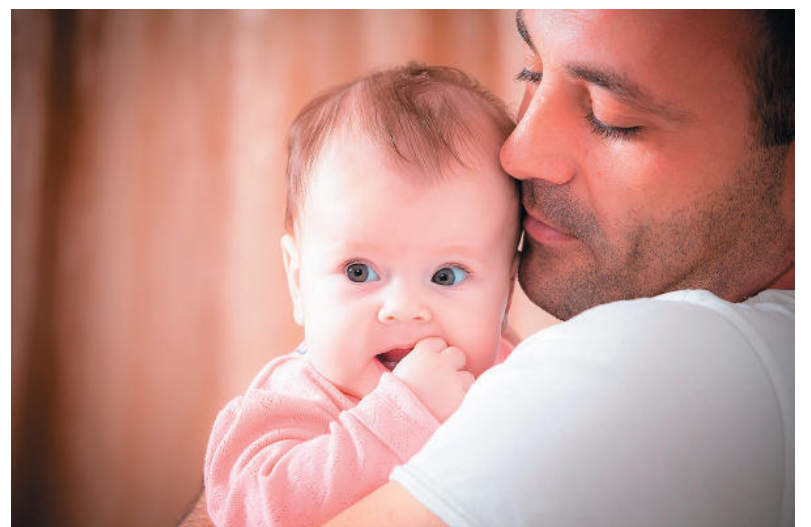
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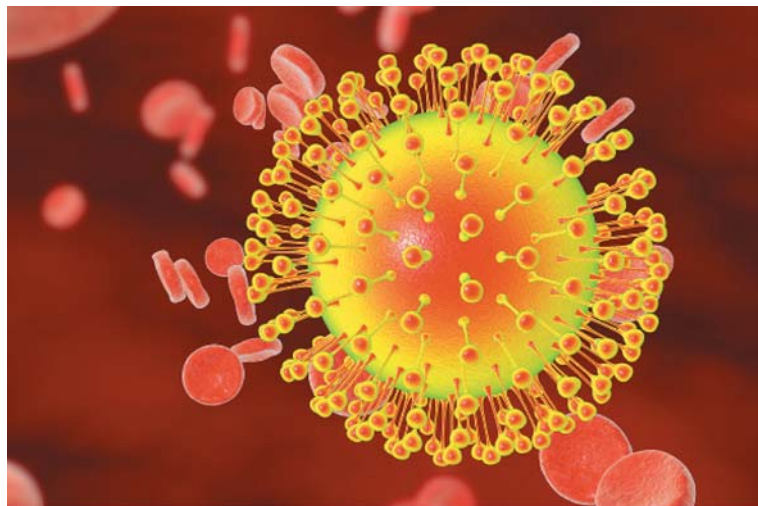
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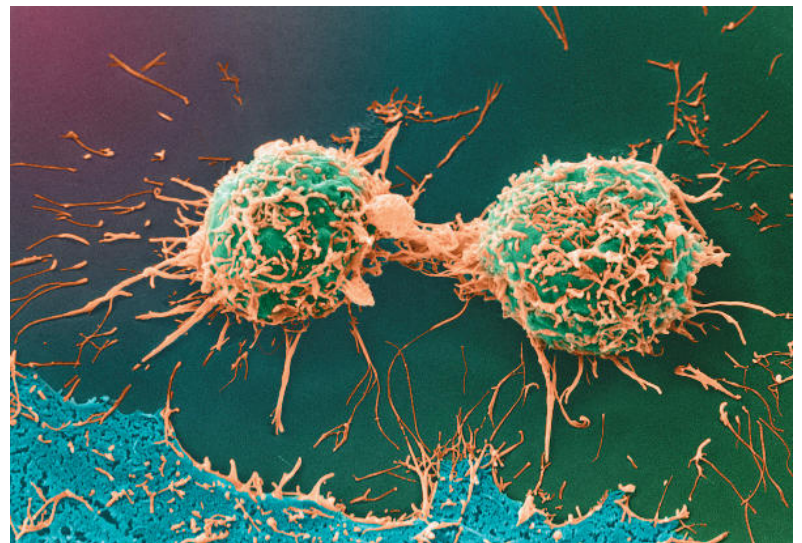
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